Maintainable CSS architecture in the Gutenberg era

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Talk topics

- Writing scalable and maintainable CSS using ITCSS, BEM and CSS guidelines.
- How to avoid repeating CSS in front-end and in the block editor.
- How to automate block editor styles from front-end styles.

Many CSS methodologies

- Inverted Triangle CSS (ITCSS)
- Object-Oriented CSS (OOCSS).
- Scalable and Modular architecture for CSS (SMACSS).
- Atomic design.
- <u>Utility-first CSS</u>.

Many CSS methodologies

- CSS Modules.
- CSS in JS.

High level Goals

- No conflicts when updating CSS.
 - How many times we have broke something else when updating one line of CSS.
- Where to add or update CSS.
 - More efficient workflow when CSS structure is clear. Avoid guessing is this the correct place.

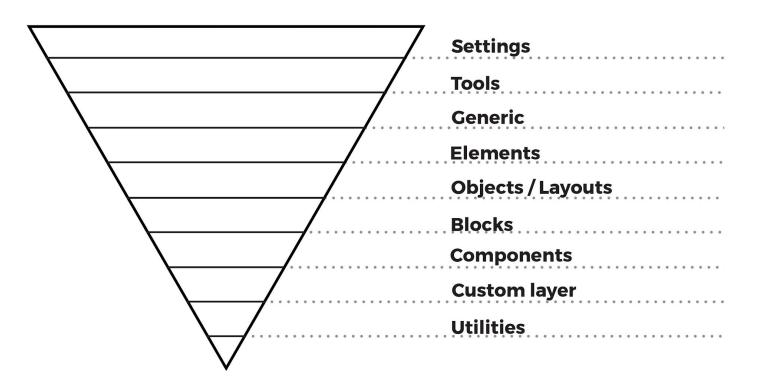
High level Goals

- No deep specificity.
 - How many times we have added more specificity to modify components. And then more. And then more. And then more. This needs to stop.
- No conflicts with JS.
 - If component uses JS, developers should instantly know about it.

ITCSS CSS architecture

- Separate main style.css codebase to several sections (layers).
- Every sections add more specificity to CSS in the right order.

Example layers in ITCSS



Settings

Global variables like fonts and colors.

```
:root {
    --font-family-sans: "Roboto", sans-serif;
    --font-family-serif: "Playfair Display", serif;
}
```

Tools

Mixins and functions.

```
@define-mixin button-block {
   background-color: var(--color-primary);
   ...
}
```

Generic

Resets, box-sizing etc.

```
@import "normalize.css";
```

Elements

Unclassed HTML elements like <h1> and <blookquote>

```
blockquote {
  border-left: var(--spacing-s) solid;
  ...
}
```

Layouts

Undecorated design patterns, such as global layouts and wrappers.

```
.grid {
   display: grid;
   ...
}
```

Blocks

Styles for Core and custom blocks.

Note: I dequeue Core block styles from front-end and editor.

This way we don't have to fight specificity war with Core styles.

Components

Styles for components, such as navigation and pagination.

```
.menu {
   display: flex;
   ...
}
```

Custom layer

If there is need for custom layer, feel free to add it. It's OK to be before blocks and components.

Utilities

Utility classes like .screen-reader-text and prefers-reduced-motion

```
.screen-reader-text {
   clip-path: inset(50%);
   ...
}
```

Class prefixes

- When working on large dev team with different backgrounds, class prefixes can help understanding what job classes are doing.
- And in what layer they belong.

Example class prefixes

- .1- for layouts, such as .1-grid
- .c- for components, such as .c-menu
- .u- for utilities, such as .u-reset-list

Example class prefixes

- .is- and .has- for specific states, such as
 .is-opened or .has-primary-color
- .js- for targeting JavaScript-specific functionality, such as .js-menu-toggle
 - These classes are never used for styling, only for JS behaviour

CSS guidelines and linting

- Follow (some) <u>CSS quidelines</u>.
- Use <u>stylelint</u> to enforce those guidelines.

BEM naming convention

- BEM stands for "Block Element Modifier".
- Helps with our goals.

BEM syntax

- Block is the primary component block, such as .menu
- Element is a child of the primary block, such as .menu_item

BEM syntax

 Modifier is a variation of a component style, such as .menu--primary

BEM in HTML

```
<nav class="menu menu--primary">
 <a class="menu_anchor">Home</a>
   <a class="menu_anchor">About</a>
 </nav>
```

BEM in CSS

```
// CSS
                                  // Compiled CSS
.menu {
                                   .menu {}
   &--primary {}
                                   .menu--primary {}
   &__items {}
                                   .menu__items {}
   &__item {}
                                   .menu__item {}
   &__anchor {}
                                   .menu_anchor {}
```

It's OK to not nest selectors

```
// Written CSS
.menu {}
.menu--primary {}
.menu__items {}
.menu_item {}
.menu_anchor {}
```

How about block editor styles

- Dequeue Core block styles from front-end and editor.
- Enqueue almost the same stylesheet for editor than in front-end. Not much manual work.

How about block editor styles

 Use SASS nesting or PostCSS plugins to add .editor-styles-wrapper class automatically.

Nesting in SASS

```
@import "settings/variables.css";
@import "tools/mixins.css";
// Editor CSS wrapper.
.editor-styles-wrapper {
   @import "elements/index.css";
   @import "blocks/index.css";
```

Plugins in PostCSS

```
// Styles for editor almost the same as in front-end.
@import "settings/variables.css";
@import "tools/mixins.css";
// .editor-styles-wrapper prefix class added automatically.
@import "elements/index.css";
@import "blocks/index.css";
```

Plugins in PostCSS

PostCSS Editor Styles

CSS added manually to editor

- Typography.
- Post title.
- Block width, wide, and full widths.
- Search block, code block

Example theme

WC Nordic 2019

Thank you!

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